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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/024,850	12/18/2001	Shunpei Yamazaki	07977-188002/US3427/3434D	8129
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FISH & RICHARDSON P.C. 1425 K STREET, N.W. 11TH FLOOR WASHINGTON, DC 20005-3500			EXAMINER COLEMAN, WILLIAM D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2823	

DATE MAILED: 01/13/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/024,850	Applicant(s) YAMAZAKI ET AL.	
	Examiner W. David Coleman	Art Unit 2823	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08 October 2003.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-18 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1) ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2) ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 08/951,819
3) ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>10/08</u> | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed October 8, 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants contend that the admitted prior art Yamazaki U.S. Patent 6,207,969 B1 herein known as Yamazaki (969) fails to describe a relationship between the arrangement of crystals and the channel length direction or the carrier flow direction.

In response to Applicants contention that Yamazaki (969) fails to teach the relationship between the arrangement of crystals and the channel length direction or the carrier flow direction please see column 9, lines 15-64, plus Table 1, where Yamazaki (969) discloses the relationship between the channel length and the carrier flow direction (please note that carrier flow is equivalent to mobility). Also the crystal arrangement is disclosed in column 5, lines 22-28, column 6, lines 43-55). Because the layer of silicon film is crystallized, it will include the channel region, having channel length in the finished product of the thin film transistor.

Applicants request the withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. 102(g) or 35 U.S.C. 102(f) rejection because the present application has the same inventors as, and claims priority from, the application that resulted from the '933 patent.

In response to Applicants request to withdrawal the 35 U.S.C. 102(g) or 35 U.S.C. 102(f) rejection, please note that the prior art rejection was not made from the '933 patent, and therefore Applicants arguments are moot.

Specification

1. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

3. Claims 1-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Yamazaki, U.S.

Patent 6,207,969 B1.

4. Pertaining to claim 1, Yamazaki discloses a semiconductor device having at least one thin film transistor, said thin film transistor comprising:

a semiconductor layer formed over a substrate, said semiconductor layer having source and drain regions and a channel formation region interposed therebetween; and a gate electrode formed adjacent to said semiconductor layer, wherein said semiconductor layer comprises crystals arranged in a direction substantially parallel with a length direction of said channel formation region, wherein a standard deviation of S-value of said thin film transistor is within 10 mV/dec for an N-channel type and 15 mV/dec for a P-channel type (see Table 1, S-values).

5. Pertaining to claim 2, Yamazaki discloses a semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein said semiconductor layer contains a metal element for promoting crystallization at a concentration of not higher than 1×10^{18} atoms/cm³ (this concentration is disclosed in column

4, lines 57, where Yamazaki discloses the concentration Japanese Unexamined Patent Publication Hei. 07-321339).

6. Pertaining to claim 3, Yamazaki discloses a semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein said semiconductor device is incorporated into an electronic apparatus selected from the group consisting of a TV camera, a head mounted display, a car navigation, a portable telephone, a video camera and a projector (see **FIGS. 15A-15E**).

7. Pertaining to claim 4, Yamazaki discloses a semiconductor device having at least one thin film transistor, said thin film transistor comprising: a semiconductor layer formed over a substrate, said semiconductor layer having source and drain regions and a channel formation region interposed therebetween; and a gate electrode formed adjacent to said semiconductor layer, wherein said semiconductor layer comprises crystals arranged in a direction substantially parallel with a length direction of said channel formation region, wherein a length of said channel formation region is 0.01 to 2 μm (please see **FIGS. 5A-9B** for the channel formation region and column 10, lines 17-19 for the teaching of reducing the channel length to effectively reduce the S-value as claimed and disclosed in Table 1).

8. Pertaining to claim 5, Yamazaki teaches a semiconductor device according to claim 4, wherein said semiconductor layer contains a metal element for promoting crystallization at a concentration of not higher than 1×10^{18} atoms/cm³.

9. Pertaining to claim 6, Yamazaki teaches a semiconductor device according to claim 4, wherein said semiconductor device is incorporated into an electronic apparatus selected from the

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group consisting of a TV camera, a head mounted display, a car navigation, a portable telephone, a video camera and a projector.

10. Pertaining to claim 7, Yamazaki teaches a semiconductor device having at least one thin film transistor, said thin film transistor comprising: a semiconductor layer formed over a substrate, said semiconductor layer having source and drain regions and a channel formation region interposed therebetween; and a gate electrode formed adjacent to said semiconductor layer, wherein said semiconductor layer comprises crystals arranged in a direction substantially parallel with a carrier flow direction between said source and drain regions, wherein a standard deviation of S-value of said thin film transistor is within 10 mV/dec for an N-channel type and 15 mV/dec for a P-channel type.

11. Pertaining to claim 8, Yamazaki teaches a semiconductor device according to claim 7, wherein said semiconductor layer contains a metal element for promoting crystallization at a concentration of not higher than 1×10^{18} atoms /CM³.

12. Pertaining to claim 9, Yamazaki teaches a semiconductor device according to claim 7, wherein said semiconductor device is incorporated into an electronic apparatus selected from the group consisting of a TV camera, a head mounted display, a car navigation, a portable telephone, a video camera and a projector.

13. Pertaining to claim 10, Yamazaki teaches a semiconductor device having at least one thin film transistor, said thin film transistor comprising: a semiconductor layer formed over a substrate, said semiconductor layer having source and drain regions and a channel formation region interposed therebetween; and a gate electrode formed adjacent to said semiconductor layer, wherein said semiconductor layer comprises crystals arranged in a direction substantially

parallel with a carrier flow direction between said source and drain regions, wherein a length of said channel formation region is 0.01 to 2 μm .

14. Pertaining to claim 11, Yamazaki teaches a semiconductor device according to claim 10, wherein said semiconductor layer contains a metal element for promoting crystallization at a concentration of not higher than 1×10^{18} atoms / cm^3 .

15. Pertaining to claim 12, Yamazaki teaches a semiconductor device according to claim 10, wherein said semiconductor device is incorporated into an electronic apparatus selected from the group consisting of a TV camera, a head mounted display, a car navigation, a portable telephone, a video camera and a projector.

16. Pertaining to claim 13, Yamazaki teaches an active matrix display device comprising: a pixel matrix circuit formed over a substrate; a logic circuit formed over said substrate, said logic circuit having thin film transistors, wherein each of said thin film transistors comprises: a semiconductor layer formed over a substrate, said semiconductor layer having source and drain regions and a channel formation region interposed therebetween; and a gate electrode formed adjacent to said semiconductor layer, wherein said semiconductor layer comprises crystals arranged in a direction substantially parallel with a length direction of said channel formation region, wherein a standard deviation of S-value of said thin film transistor is within 10 mV/dec for an N-channel type and 15 mV/dec for a P-channel type.

17. Pertaining to claim 14, Yamazaki teaches an active matrix display device according to claim 13, wherein said semiconductor layer contains a metal element for promoting crystallization at a concentration of not higher than 1×10^{18} atoms / cm^3 .

18. Pertaining to claim 15, Yamazaki teaches an active matrix display device according to claim 13, wherein said semiconductor device is incorporated into an electronic apparatus selected from the group consisting of a TV camera, a head mounted display, a car navigation, a portable telephone, a video camera and a projector.

19. Pertaining to claim 16, Yamazaki teaches an active matrix display device comprising: a pixel matrix circuit formed over a substrate; a logic circuit formed over said substrate, said logic circuit having thin film transistors, wherein each of said thin film transistors comprises: a semiconductor layer formed over a substrate, said semiconductor layer having source and drain regions and a channel formation region interposed therebetween; and a gate electrode formed adjacent to said semiconductor layer, wherein said semiconductor layer comprises crystals arranged in a direction substantially parallel with a carrier flow direction between said source and drain regions, wherein a standard deviation of S-value of said thin film transistor is within 10 mV/dec for an N-channel type and 15 mV/dec for a P-channel type.

20. Pertaining to claim 17, Yamazaki teaches an active matrix display device according to claim 16, wherein said semiconductor layer contains a metal element for promoting crystallization at a concentration of not higher than 1×10^{18} atoms/cm³.

21. Pertaining to claim 18, Yamazaki teaches an active matrix display device according to claim 16, wherein said semiconductor device is incorporated into an electronic apparatus selected from the group consisting of a TV camera, a head mounted display, a car navigation, a portable telephone, a video camera and a projector.

Double Patenting

22. Claims 1-18 are directed to the same invention as that of claims 1, 5, 6, 11, 15 and 15 of commonly assigned U.S. Patent 6,365,933 B1. The issue of priority under 35 U.S.C. 102(g) and possibly 35 U.S.C. 102(f) of this single invention must be resolved.

23. Since the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office normally will not institute an interference between applications or a patent and an application of common ownership (see MPEP § 2302), the assignee is required to state which entity is the prior inventor of the conflicting subject matter. A terminal disclaimer has no effect in this situation since the basis for refusing more than one patent is priority of invention under 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) and not an extension of monopoly.

24. Failure to comply with this requirement will result in a holding of abandonment of this application.

Conclusion

25. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

26. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

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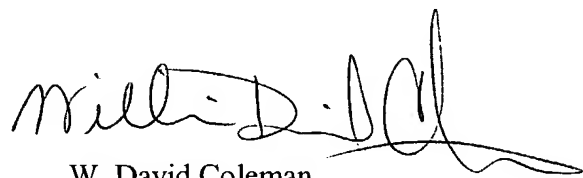
however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

27. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to W. David Coleman whose telephone number is 703-305-0004.

The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 AM-5:00 PM. After February 4, 2004 please call 571-272-1856.

28. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Olik Chaudhuri can be reached on 703-306-2794. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-308-7722.

29. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0956.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'W. David Coleman', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

W. David Coleman
Primary Examiner
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WDC